The invention claimed is:

1. A method of coating a substrate with a material, the method comprising the steps of:

providing a substrate, an A-side reactant comprising an isocyanate, and a B-side reactant comprising an esterified polyol and a catalyst wherein:

the esterified polyol comprises the reaction product of a first polyol and a vegetable oil; and

the first polyol comprises the reaction product of a first multifunctional compound and a second multifunctional compound;

directing the A-side and B-side reactants toward the substrate; and

applying the A-side and B-side reactants to the substrate to form a urethane material that contacts the substrate.

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the A-side and B-side are applied simultaneously.
- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the A-side and B-side are applied to the substrate through an applicator.
- 4. The method of claim 3, wherein the applicator has an A-side outlet and a B-side outlet.
- 5. The method of claim 4, wherein the applicator comprises a single fixture, said A-side and B-side outlet being carried by said single fixture.
- 6. The method of claim 4, wherein the applicator comprises a plurality of fixtures, said A-side outlet and said B-side outlet being carried by different fixtures.
- 7. The method of claim 1, wherein the A-side reactants and the B-side reactants are applied to the substrate by more than one applicator.

- 8. The method of claim 1, wherein the first multifunctional compound comprises an active hydrogen containing compound.
- 9. The method of claim 8, wherein the active hydrogen containing compound comprises a multifunctional alcohol.
- 10. The method of claim 1, wherein the second multifunctional compound comprises a saccharide compound.
 - 11. The method of claim 1, wherein the vegetable oil is blown.
- 12. The method of claim 1, wherein the vegetable oil comprises a vegetable oil chosen from palm oil, safflower oil, canola oil, soy oil, cottonseed oil, and rapeseed oil.
- 13. The method of claim 1, wherein the vegetable oil comprises a blown vegetable oil chosen from blown palm oil, blown safflower oil, blown canola oil, blown soy oil, blown cottonseed oil, and blown rapeseed oil.
- 14. The method of claim 10, wherein the saccharide compound comprises a saccharide compound chosen from monosaccharides, disaccharides, oligosaccharides, sugar alcohols, and honey.
 - 15. The method of claim 10, wherein the saccharide compound comprises glucose.
 - 16. The method of claim 10, wherein the saccharide compound comprises sorbitol.
- 17. The method of claim 10, wherein the saccharide compound comprises cane sugar.

- 18. The method of claim 1, wherein the multifunctional alcohol comprises a multifunctional alcohol chosen from glycerin, butanediol, ethylene glycol, tripropylene glycol, dipropylene glycol, and aliphatic amine tetrol.
 - 19. The method of claim 1, wherein the B-side further comprises a cross-linker.
- 20. The method of claim 29, wherein the cross-linker comprises a cross-linker chosen from glycerin, ethylene glycol, butanediol, dipropylene glycol, tripropylene glycol, and aliphatic amine tetrol.
 - 21. The method of claim 1, wherein the B-side further comprises a blowing agent.
- 22. The method of claim 21, wherein the blowing agent comprises a blowing agent chosen from water, acetone, methyl isobutyl ketone, methylene chloride, a hydrochloroflurocarbon, and a hydroflurocarbon.
- 23. The method of claim 1, wherein the isocyanate comprises a diisocyanate compound.
- 24. The method of claim 1, wherein the isocyanate comprises an isocyanate chosen from 2,4 diisocyanate, 4,4' diphenylmethane diisocyanate, 2,4 diphenylmethane diisocyanate, and toluene diisocyanate.
- 25. The method of claim 1, wherein the isocyanate comprises a prepolymer comprising the reaction product of a vegetable oil and an isocyanate.

The method of claim 1, wherein the B-side further comprises a petroleum based

27. The method of claim 26, wherein the petroleum based polyol comprises a petroleum based polyol chosen from polyether polyol, polyester polyol, and polyurea polyol.

- 28. The method of claim 1, wherein the B-side further comprises a polyurea polyol.
- 29. The method of claim 1, wherein the substrate comprises a boat hull.
- 30. The method of claim 1, wherein the substrate comprises a vehicle bed.
- 31. The method of claim 1, wherein the substrate comprises a housing material.
- 32. The method of claim 31, wherein the housing material comprises a housing material chosen from the group consisting of roof material, foundation material, concrete material, metal material, and wood material.
- 33. The method of claim 1, wherein the esterified polyol is reacted with an alkyl oxide.
- 34. The method of claim 31, wherein the alkyl oxide comprises an alkyl oxide chosen from the group comprising propylene oxide, butylene oxide, and ethylene oxide.
 - 35. The method of claim 1, wherein the substrate comprises a carpet material.
 - 36. The method of claim 26, wherein the substrate comprises a carpet material.
 - 37. The method of claim 27, wherein the substrate comprises a carpet material.

38. A method of coating a substrate with a material comprising:

providing a substrate, an applicator comprising an A-side intake, an A-side outlet, a B-side intake, a B-side outlet, and a nozzle head and an A-side reactant comprising an isocyanate and a B-side reactant wherein the B-side reactant comprises a vegetable oil, a cross-linking agent comprised of a multifunctional alcohol, and a catalyst; and

passing the A-side reactant through the A-side intake of the applicator and the B-side reactant through the B-side intake of the applicator such that the A-side and the B-side reactants pass through the A-side and B-side outlets and contact the substrate.

39. The method of claim 38, wherein the B-side further includes a blowing agent.

The method of claim 38, wherein the vegetable oil comprises a vegetable chosen from the group comprising soy oil, rapeseed oil, cottonseed oil, or palm oil.

- 41. The method of claim 38, wherein the vegetable oil comprises blown soy oil.
- 42. The method of claim 38, wherein the catalyst is a tertiary amine.
- 43. The method of claim 38, wherein the multifunctional alcohol is present in a ratio to the vegetable oil such that there are at least 0.7 moles of hydroxyl (OH) groups per mole of vegetable oil.
- 44. The method of claim 38, wherein the isocyanate comprises an isocyanate chosen from the group comprising 2,4 diisocyanate, 4,4' diphenylmethane diisocyanate, and 2,4 diphenylmethane diisocyanate.
 - 45. The method of claim 38, wherein the B-side further comprises a surfactant.
- 46. The method of claim 38, wherein the isocyanate comprises a mixture of at least two isocyanates.

- 47. The method of claim 46, wherein the isocyanate comprises a mixture of at least two isocyanates selected from the group consisting of 2,4 diisocyanate, 4,4' diphenylmethane diisocyanate, and 2,4 diphenylmethane diisocyanate.
- 48. The method of claim 39, wherein the blowing agent comprises a blowing agent chosen from the group comprising water, acetone, methyl isobutyl ketone, methylene chloride, a hydrochloroflurocarbon, or a hydroflurocarbon.
- 49. The method of claim 38, wherein the cross-linker comprises a cross-linker selected from the group comprising ethylene glycol, 1,4, butanediol, and dipropylene glycol.
- 50. The method of claim 38, wherein the cross-linker comprises a combination of ethylene glycol and 1,4 butanediol.

The method of claim 38, wherein the B-side further comprises a petroleum-based polyol.

- 52. The method of claim 51, wherein the petroleum-based polyol comprises a polyurea polyol.
- 53. The method of claim 37, wherein the B-side further comprises a polyurea polyol.
 - 54. The method of claim 1, wherein the substrate comprises a boat hull.
 - 55. The method of claim 1, wherein the substrate comprises a vehicle component.
- 56. The method of claim 55, wherein the vehicle component comprises a vehicle cargo area.
 - 57. The method of claim 56, wherein the vehicle cargo area comprises a truck bed.

- 58. The method of claim 1, wherein the substrate comprises a building material.
- 59. The method of claim 34, wherein the building material comprises a building material chosen from the group consisting of roof material, foundation material, concrete material, metal materials, and wood material.
 - 60. The method of claim 38, wherein the substrate comprises a carpeting material.
- 61. The method of claim 38, wherein the vegetable oil is reacted with an alkyl oxide.
- 62. The method of claim 61, wherein the alkyl oxide comprises an alkyl oxide chosen from the group comprising propylene oxide, butylene oxide, and ethylene oxide.
 - 63. A boat hull liner composite comprising:
 - a boat hull; and
- a urethane material wherein the urethane material comprises the reaction product of an A-side comprising an isocyanate and a B-side comprising an esterified polyol and a catalyst wherein the esterified polyol comprises the reaction product of a first polyol and a vegetable oil and the first polyol comprises the reaction product of a first multifunctional compound and a second multifunctional compound and wherein the urethane material at least partially covers the boat hull.
- 64. The boat hull liner of claim 63, wherein the esterified polyol is reacted with an oxylation compound.
 - 65. A boat hull liner composite comprising:
 - a boat hull; and
- a urethane material at least partially covering the boat hull wherein the urethane material comprises an A-side comprising an isocyanate and a B-side wherein the B-side comprises a vegetable oil, a cross-linking agent, and a catalyst.

- 66. The boat hull liner of claim 65, wherein the vegetable oil is reacted with an oxylation compound.
 - 67. A building material composite comprising:
- a building substrate at least partially combined with a urethane material wherein the urethane material comprises the reaction product of an A-side comprising an isocyanate and a B-side comprising an esterified polyol and a catalyst wherein the esterified polyol comprises the reaction product of a first polyol and a vegetable oil and the first polyol comprises the reaction product of a first multifunctional compound and a second multifunctional compound.
- 68. The building material of claim 67, wherein the esterified product is reacted with an oxylation compound.
- 69. The building material of claim 67, wherein the building substrate comprises a building substrate chosen from the group comprising wood, concrete, asphalt, and metal.
 - 70. A building material composite comprising:
- a building substrate at least partially lined with a urethane material wherein the urethane material comprises the reaction product of an A-side comprising an isocyanate and a B-side comprising a vegetable oil, a cross-linking agent, and a catalyst.
- 71. The building material of claim 70, wherein the vegetable oil is reacted with an oxylation compound.
- 72. The building material of claim 70, wherein the building substrate comprises a building substrate chosen from the group comprising wood, concrete, asphalt, and metal.
 - 73. A method of manufacturing a carpet material comprising:

providing a carpet substrate, an applicator having an A-side intake, a B-side intake, and at least one nozzle head, an A-side comprising an isocyanate, and a B-side comprising an esterified polyol and a catalyst wherein the esterified polyol comprises the reaction product of a

first polyol and a vegetable oil and the first polyol comprises the reaction product of a first multifunctional compound and a second multifunctional compound;

directing the applicator toward the substrate; and

passing the A-side through the A-side intake of the applicator and the B-side through the B-side intake of the applicator such that the A-side and B-side react and contact the carpet substrate.

- 74. The method of manufacturing a carpet material of claim 73 further comprising the step of moving the applicator to substantially evenly coat the carpet substrate.
- 75. The method of manufacturing a carpet material of claim 74, wherein the movement of the applicator is controlled by a computer.
- 76. The method of manufacturing a carpet material of claim 75, wherein the applicator moves along an X-axis and a Y-axis.
- 77. The method of claim 73, wherein the first multifunctional compound comprises a multifunctional alcohol and the second multifunctional compound comprises a saccharide compound.
 - 78. The carpet material produced according to claim 73.

A method of coating a substrate with a material comprising:
providing a substrate; a spray applicator comprising an A-side inlet, a B-side inlet, and
a sprayer head comprising an A-side outlet and a B-side outlet; an A-side reactant comprising
an isocyanate and a B-side reactant comprising an esterified polyol, a petroleum based polyol,
and a catalyst wherein the esterified polyol comprises the reaction product of a first polyol and
a vegetable oil, the first polyol comprises the reaction product of a first multifunctional
compound and a second multifunctional compound;

directing the spray applicator toward the substrate;

passing the A-side reactant through the A-side intake of the applicator and the B-side reactant through the B-side intake of the applicator; and

passing the A-side reactant and the B-side reactant through the sprayer head such that the A-side and B side reactants react and contact the substrate material.

- 80. The material produced by the method of claim 79.
- 81. The method of claim 78, wherein the first multifunctional compound comprises a multifunctional alcohol and the second multifunctional compound comprises a saccharide compound.
- 82. The method of claim 79, wherein the petroleum based polyol comprises a petroleum based polyol chosen from polyether polyol, polyester polyol, and polyurea polyol.
 - 83. A method of coating a substrate with a material comprising:

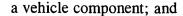
providing a substrate; a spray applicator comprising an A-side inlet, a B-side inlet, and a sprayer head comprising an A-side outlet and a B-side outlet; an A-side reactant comprising an isocyanate; and a B-side reactant comprising a vegetable oil, a petroleum based polyol, a cross-linker, and a catalyst;

directing the spray applicator toward the substrate;

passing the A-side reactant through the A-side intake of the applicator and the B-side reactant through the B-side intake of the applicator; and

passing the A-side reactant and the B-side reactant through the sprayer head such that the A-side and B-side reactants react and contact the substrate material.

- 84. The method of claim 83, wherein the petroleum based polyol comprises a petroleum based polyol chosen from polyether polyol, polyester polyol, and polyurea polyol.
 - 85. The material produced according to claim 83.
 - 86. A vehicle component liner composite comprising:



a urethane material wherein the urethane material comprises the reaction product of an A-side comprising an isocyanate and a B-side comprising an esterified polyol and a catalyst wherein the esterified polyol comprises the reaction product of a first polyol and a vegetable oil and the first polyol comprises the reaction product of a first multifunctional compound and a second multifunctional compound and wherein the urethane material at least partially covers the vehicle component.

- 87. The vehicle component liner of claim 86, wherein the esterified polyol is reacted with an oxylation compound.
- 88. The vehicle component liner of claim 86, wherein the vehicle component comprises a vehicle cargo area.
- 89. The vehicle component liner of claim 88, wherein the vehicle cargo area comprises a truck bed.
 - 90. A vehicle component liner composite comprising:
 - a vehicle component; and
- a urethane material at least partially covering the vehicle component wherein the urethane material comprises an A-side comprising an isocyanate and a B-side wherein the B-side comprises a vegetable oil, a cross-linking agent, and a catalyst.
- 91. The vehicle component liner of claim 90, wherein the vegetable oil is reacted with an oxylation compound.
- 92. The vehicle component liner of claim 91, wherein the vehicle component comprises a vehicle cargo area.
- 93. The vehicle component liner of claim 92, wherein the vehicle cargo area comprises a truck bed.